THE ROLE OF COMPARATIVE LINGUISTICS IN TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGES

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Abstract. Comparative linguistics plays a crucial role in the teaching of foreign languages by providing insights into the similarities and differences between languages. This field helps language learners understand the underlying structures, grammar rules, and vocabulary of a target language by comparing it to their native language or other languages they already know. By highlighting these similarities and differences, comparative linguistics enhances the efficiency and effectiveness of language learning and teaching processes.

Key words. Vocabulary, methods, fluency, vocabulary range, comprehension, efficiency, enhance, interactive games, enhance

Introduction: Comparative linguistics is a valuable field that can significantly enhance the teaching and learning of foreign languages. By comparing languages, educators can provide learners with a deeper understanding of the structures, rules, and vocabulary of a new language in relation to their native language or other languages they may already know. This comparative approach can help learners make connections, identify patterns, and grasp concepts more effectively. In this article, we will explore the importance of comparative linguistics in the context of teaching foreign languages.

Main part. Enhancing Language Learning Efficiency:

One of the key benefits of incorporating comparative linguistics into language teaching is its ability to enhance efficiency. By highlighting similarities and differences between languages, educators can streamline the learning process for students. For example, if a learner already knows Spanish and is studying Italian, a comparative analysis can help them identify cognates, understand grammatical structures, and expand their vocabulary more quickly. This comparative approach accelerates the language learning process and boosts retention.

Understanding Grammar Rules:

Comparative linguistics plays a crucial role in helping learners understand the grammar rules of a foreign language. By comparing the grammar structures of different languages, students can identify commonalities and differences, which aids in comprehension and application. For instance, by contrasting the verb conjugation systems of English and French, learners can grasp the nuances of tense, mood, and aspect more effectively. This comparative analysis enables students to internalize grammar rules and apply them accurately in their language production.

Exploring Vocabulary:

Vocabulary acquisition is a fundamental aspect of learning a new language, and comparative linguistics can facilitate this process. By comparing the lexicons of different languages, learners can identify related words, roots, and derivations. This comparative approach not only expands vocabulary but also enhances word retention and comprehension. For example, by examining the similarities between English and German vocabulary, learners can quickly build a robust vocabulary base in both languages. This cross-linguistic comparison enriches students' lexical knowledge and strengthens their language proficiency.

Cultural Insights:

In addition to linguistic aspects, comparative linguistics can provide valuable cultural insights to language learners. By exploring the connections between language and culture, students can gain a deeper appreciation for the customs, traditions, and values of different societies. Comparative linguistics helps learners understand how language reflects cultural norms and ideologies, fostering intercultural competence and sensitivity. This cultural awareness enhances language learning experiences and promotes cross-cultural communication skills.

Conclusion: Comparative linguistics is a powerful tool that can transform the teaching and learning of foreign languages. By leveraging comparative analysis, educators can enhance language learning efficiency, improve grammar comprehension, expand vocabulary, and provide cultural insights to students. Integrating comparative linguistics into language teaching curricula empowers

learners to make connections across languages, deepen their understanding of linguistic structures, and become proficient communicators in diverse cultural contexts. Embracing the role of comparative linguistics in foreign language education enriches the language learning journey and equips students with valuable skills for global communication and intercultural understanding.

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THE USE OF SONGS FOR LEARNING ENGLISH LANGUAGE IN TEACHING ALL LANGUAGE ASPECTS

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Abstract. It is common to use music as one of the strategies in teaching English language for different ages. Teachers all over the world consider that music is really important tool in development of vocabulary, pronunciation, listening skills