LILY BRISCOE'S INNER CONFLICT AND SELF-DISCOVERY

Mirzayeva Shohruza Supervisor: Saliyeva Surayyo

Uzbekistan state university of world languages English philology faculty

Abstract. Lily Briscoe is a complex and compelling character in Virginia Woolf's "To the Lighthouse." Through Lily's experiences and struggles, Woolf explores themes of creativity, gender, and identity, offering a profound meditation on the nature of art and the human spirit. Lily's journey towards self-discovery and self-fulfillment serves as a powerful reminder of the importance of staying true to oneself in the face of adversity and doubt.

Key words. Self-discovery, internal conflict, self-fulfillment, complex personality.

Introduction: Lily Briscoe is one of the central characters in Virginia Woolf's seminal novel "To the Lighthouse." She is portrayed as an artist struggling to find her voice and her place in the world amidst the complexities of interpersonal relationships and societal expectations. Throughout the novel, Lily serves as a lens through which Woolf explores themes of creativity, gender roles, and the passage of time. Lily is introduced to the reader as a close friend of the Ramsay family, particularly of Mrs. Ramsay. Mrs. Ramsay's encouragement and support play a significant role in Lily's life, both personally and artistically. Lily is deeply affected by Mrs. Ramsay's nurturing presence, and her absence after Mrs. Ramsay's death leaves a profound void in Lily's life. Lily Briscoe is a complex and compelling character in Virginia Woolf's "To the Lighthouse." Through Lily's experiences and struggles, Woolf explores themes of creativity, gender, and identity, offering a profound meditation on the nature of art and the human spirit. Lily's journey towards self-discovery and self-fulfillment serves as a powerful reminder of the importance of staying true to oneself in the face of adversity and doubt. One of the most striking aspects of Lily's character is her internal conflict between her desire for independence and her longing for connection and

belonging. She is torn between her need for solitude to focus on her art and her yearning for human connection and intimacy. This inner struggle is exemplified in her relationship with Mr. Tansley, a guest at the Ramsay's summer home. While she initially resents Mr. Tansley's condescending attitude towards her art and intellect, she also finds herself drawn to him in moments of vulnerability, hinting at her underlying desire for companionship.

Lily's artistic process serves as a metaphor for her journey towards selfdiscovery and self-fulfillment. She grapples with the challenge of capturing the fleeting moments of beauty and meaning in her paintings, mirroring her quest to make sense of her own experiences and emotions. Her struggle to complete her painting of Mrs. Ramsay and the lighthouse reflects her internal turmoil and her longing to reconcile the past with the present. Throughout the novel, Lily's interactions with other characters provide insights into her complex personality and inner life. Her interactions with Mrs. Ramsay's children, particularly James and Cam, reveal her maternal instincts and her capacity for empathy and understanding. Her conversations with Mr. Ramsay, while often tense and confrontational, also highlight her intelligence and wit, as well as her ability to hold her own in intellectual discussions. One of the most poignant moments in the novel occurs during Lily's conversation with Mr. Ramsay towards the end of the book. In this scene, Lily confronts Mr. Ramsay about his dismissive attitude towards her art and demands recognition for her talent and dedication. This moment of confrontation represents a turning point for Lily, as she asserts her own worth and refuses to be defined or limited by others' expectations of her. As the novel progresses, Lily undergoes a process of self-discovery and growth, gradually coming to terms with her identity as an artist and as a woman. She finds solace and inspiration in the natural beauty of the landscape surrounding the Ramsay's summer home, drawing strength from the timeless rhythms of the sea and the sky. In the novel's final scene, Lily achieves a sense of clarity and resolution as she completes her painting of the lighthouse, symbolizing her triumph over doubt and uncertainty.

In "To the Lighthouse," Virginia Woolf crafts a rich tapestry of human experience, exploring themes of identity, connection, and the passage of time with profound insight and poetic beauty. Through the lens of the Ramsay family and their guests, Woolf invites readers into the inner worlds of her characters, illuminating the complexities of human consciousness and the enduring quest for meaning and connection in a world marked by uncertainty and impermanence. At the heart of the novel is the Ramsay family, whose dynamics serve as a microcosm of the broader human experience. Mr. and Mrs. Ramsay embody the tension between intellect and emotion, tradition and progress, as they navigate the complexities of marriage, parenthood, and the passage of time. Through their interactions with their children and guests, Woolf explores the nuances of human relationships, from moments of intimacy and connection to moments of discord and misunderstanding. To the Lighthouse" stands as a testament to Virginia Woolf's unparalleled talent as a writer and observer of the human condition.

LIST USED LITERATURE

- 1. "Mrs. Dalloway" by Virginia Woolf
- 2. "The Sound and the Fury" by William Faulkner
- 3. "The Catcher in the Rye" by J.D. Salinger
- 4. "Beloved" by Toni Morrison
- 5. "The Great Gatsby" by F. Scott Fitzgerald

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THE INFLUENCE OF RELIGION AND MORALITY ON THE CHARACTERS' DECISIONS AND ACTIONS IN "OF HUMAN BONDAGE

Mirzohidova Dilafruz
Supervisor: Saliyeva Surayyo
Uzbekistan state university of world languages
English philology faculty